

Symptom Response Kit for End-of-Life Order Form

Please fax your completed form to the appropriate Ontario Health atHome branch:

Timing and placement of the Symptom Response Kit (SRK) requires careful consideration (i.e. prognosis is less than six months; patient expected to deteriorate quickly) with goal of avoiding emergency room visit or hospital admission. Medications in the SRK will expire; therefore, will need to be reviewed and reordered by the physician/Nurse Practitioner (NP) if it remains appropriate. Consider reviewing goals of care and expected home death protocols.

Patient Name:			Date of Birth:	
Address:		City:		
Postal Code: Health Ca		ard Number:		
Allergies:				
Prescriber: Select which medications are to be included the medication. For each medication selected, composes be mindful that all selected medications will	lete the specif	fic order po	rtion found along the row selected.	

Nurse to contact prescriber prior to initiating SRK? YES NO

If yes, ensure 24-hour contact information available. If **no**, nurse to contact MRP as soon as possible once SRK initiated to confirm opioid dosing and ongoing medication management.

Select Opioid(s)

Indi	cation								ODB/
Pain	Dyspnea	Initial	Medication (OPIOIDS)	Concentration	Route	Dose/Fred	quency	Volume to Dispense	Limited Use Code
٧	٧		Morphine	2mg/ml	Subcut	mg	q1h PRN	5 mL	481
٧	٧		Morphine	10mg/ml	Subcut	mg	q1h PRN	5 mL	481
٧	٧		Hydromorphone	2mg/ml	Subcut	mg	q1h PRN	5 mL	ODB
٧	٧		Hydromorphone	10mg/ml	Subcut	mg	q1h PRN	5 mL	ODB

Select Medication(s) for Other Symptom Management

	Indic	atio	n								Dispense	Code
Oropharyngeal Secretions	Agitation/Delirium	Nausea/Vomiting	Anxiety	Dyspnea	Initial	Medication	Concentration	Route		Dose/Range/ Frequency		ODB/ Limited Use Co
٧						Scopolamine <u>OR</u>	0.4 mg/ml	Subcut	0.4mg q4h PRN		6mL	481
٧						Glycopyrrolate <u>OR</u>	0.2 mg/ml	Subcut	0.4mg	q2h PRN	12mL	481
٧						Atropine	1% gtts; 1gtts=0.5mg	Buccal mucosa	1-2 gtts	q4h PRN	5mL	ODB

	Indic	atio	n									le
Oropharyngeal Secretions	Agitation/Delirium	Nausea/Vomiting	Anxiety	Dyspnea	Initial	Medication	Concentration	Route		Dose/Range/ Frequency	Volume to Dispense	ODB/ Limited Use Code
	٧	٧				Haloperidol	5 mg/ml	Subcut	mg	q4h PRN	5mL	ODB
	٧		٧	٧		Midazolam	5 mg/ml	Subcut	mg	q1h PRN	5mL	495
	٧	٧	٧	٧		Methotrimeprazine	25 mg/ml	Subcut	mg	q4h PRN	3mL	ODB
		٧				Metoclopramide	etoclopramide 5 mg/ml Subcut mg		mg	q4h PRN	10mL	481
Acute Seizure/ Catastrophic Bleed *If used contact MRP			Midazolam	5 mg/ml	Subcut	mg	may repeat x1 after 5 min. if crisis persists	5mL	495			
Other:												
Other Orders:				Insert f Size:	oley catheter PRN*	Flush foley catheter and change PRN*			Insert subcutaneous line PRN			

Date of Birth:

Prescriber Name:		Signature:						
Address:		Date:						
CPSO#/REG#:	Primary Phone:	After-hours:		Fax:				
As of , (Physician/NP Name) will be assuming the i								
of most responsible provider for this patient. They are aware a Symptom Response Kit has been requested.								
Physician/NP Name:								
Primary Phone: After-hours:		Cell:	Fax:	Fax:				

Note: This form is NOT TO BE USED FOR ORDERING PAIN PUMPS OR HYDRATION. Supplies will be arranged by Care Coordinator.

Cancer Care Ontario Guides to Practice: https://www.cancercare.on.ca/toolbox/symptools/

Patient Name:

Opioid Medication	Symptom(s)	Dosing Guidelines		
Morphine	Pain	Opioid Naïve Patient: 1-2 mg q1hr subcut PRN - Start at a lower dose (e.g. 0.5-1mg) if patient is frail and/or has severe COPD Patient on Opioids: Subcut Dose = ½ oral dose. If on short acting divide dose by 2. If on 12 hour long acting divide total daily dose by 2, then by 6 to convert to q4hr regular dose		
	Dyspnea	Opioid Naïve Patient: 0.5-1 mg subcut q1hr PRN		
Hydromorphone (Dilaudid)	Pain	Opioid Naïve Patient: 0.2- 0.5 mg q1hr subcut PRN - Start at a lower dose (e.g. 0.1-0.2 mg) if patient is frail and/or has severe COPD - Order concentration of 2mg/ml to obtain low doses Patient on Opioids: Subcut Dose = ½ oral dose. If on short acting divide dose by 2. If on 12 hour long acting divide total daily dose by 2, then by 6 to convert to q4hr regular dose Note: 1mg of Hydromorphone = 5mg Morphine		
	Dyspnea	Opioid Naïve Patient: 0.1-0.2 mg subcut q1hr PRN		

^{*} Catheters are not automatically included, Care Coordinator will order catheter and catheter flushing supplies separately

Medication	Symptom(s)	Dosing Guidelines
Haloperidol	Agitation/ Delirium	Starting dose: 0.5-1mg subcut q4hr PRN (once established). In the frail elderly, consider 0.25mg subcut q4hr PRN. Note: if not controlled, consider changing to another agent [i.e. Methotrimeprazine (Nozinan)]
(Haldol)	Nausea/ Vomiting	Starting dose: 0.5-1mg subcut q4hr PRN (once established). Note: In most cases Metoclopramide is the drug of 1st choice for nausea and vomiting. If not available, use small dose of Haloperidol
	Agitation/Delirium	Starting dose: 2.5-5 mg subcut q4hr PRN
Methotrimeprazine (Nozinan)	Nausea/ Vomiting/Anxiety/ Dyspnea	2.5-5mg subcut q4hr PRN Note: In most cases Metoclopramide is the drug of first choice for nausea and vomiting. If not available, may use Methotrimeprazine.
Metoclopramide (Maxeran)	Nausea/ Vomiting/	5mg subcut q4hr PRN Note: In most cases (not in complete bowel obstruction) Metoclopramide is the drug of first choice for nausea and vomiting. If not available, may use Haldol or Methotrimeprazine
	Seizure	2-5mg STAT subcut: repeat every 5-10min PRN if seizure persists or sedation is not achieved, notify physician/NP as soon as able Note: Further doses could be administered if crisis persists and nurse is unable to reach physician/NP. Predrawn high dose Midazolam syringes should be stored separately from other medications and teaching should be provided to patients/families
Midazolam (Versed)	Catastrophic bleed/ Dyspnea crisis	5mg STAT subcut: repeat every 5-10min PRN if symptoms persist or sedation is not achieved, notify physician/NP as soon as able Note: Further doses could be administered if crisis persists and nurse is unable to reach physician/NP. Predrawn high dose Midazolam syringes should be stored separately from other medications and teaching should be provided to patients/families
	Agitation/Delirium	Starting dose: 0.5mg subcut q1h PRN
	Anxiety	Starting dose: 0.5mg subcut q1h PRN
Scopolamine		Starting dose: 0.4mg subcut q4h PRN. Scopolamine is more sedating than Glycopyrrolate and may cause/increase delirium.
Glycopyrrolate	Oropharyngeal Secretions	Starting dose: 0.4mg subcut q2h PRN. Glycopyrrolate can sometimes be used for non-end-of-life secretion, but may need to be started at a lower dose (0.1-0.2mg).
Atropine		Starting dose: 1-2 gtts q4h prn
For Consideration		
Phenobarbital	Ongoing seizure management	Weight based. May be used for seizure prophylaxis if oral route is lost. Limited Use Code 481.
Dexamethasone	Multiple uses	Consider if patient currently taking oral Dexamethasone. Covered by ODB.
Furosemide	Multiple uses	Consider if patient at-risk for flash pulmonary edema or severe decompensated heart failure when unable to take orally. Limited Use Code 481

These dosing guidelines were established by a regional interdisciplinary group of practitioners. These guidelines are not a substitute for, and don't provide, medical advice. Any person using these guidelines is required to use independent clinical judgment consistent with their licensed/regulated scope of practice and in the context of individual clinical circumstances.